(b) [Reserved]

[73 FR 69940, Nov. 19, 2008]

## § 424.525 Rejection of a provider or supplier's enrollment application for Medicare enrollment.

- (a) Reasons for rejection. CMS may reject a provider or supplier's enrollment application for the following reasons:
- (1) The prospective provider or supplier fails to furnish complete information on the provider/supplier enrollment application within 30 calendar days from the date of the contractor request for the missing information.
- (2) The prospective provider or supplier fails to furnish all required supporting documentation within 30 calendar days of submitting the enrollment application.
- (b) Extension of 30-day period. CMS, at its discretion, may choose to extend the 30 day period if CMS determines that the prospective provider or supplier is actively working with CMS to resolve any outstanding issues.
- (c) Resubmission after rejection. To enroll in Medicare and obtain Medicare billing privileges after notification of a rejected enrollment application, the provider or supplier must complete and submit a new enrollment application and submit all supporting documentation for CMS review and approval.
- (d) Additional review. Enrollment applications that are rejected are not afforded appeal rights.

[71 FR 20776, Apr. 21, 2006, as amended at 73 FR 36461, June 27, 2008]

## § 424.530 Denial of enrollment in the Medicare program.

- (a) Reasons for denial. CMS may deny a provider's or supplier's enrollment in the Medicare program for the following reasons:
- (1) Compliance. The provider or supplier at any time is found not to be in compliance with the Medicare enrollment requirements described in this section or on the applicable enrollment application to the type of provider or supplier enrolling, and has not submitted a plan of corrective action as outlined in part 488 of this chapter.
- (2) Provider or supplier conduct. A provider, supplier, an owner, managing employee, an authorized or delegated official, medical director, supervising

- physician, or other health care personnel furnishing Medicare reimbursable services who is required to be reported on the enrollment application, in accordance with section 1862(e)(1) of the Act, is—
- (i) Excluded from the Medicare, Medicaid and any other Federal health care programs, as defined in §1001.2 of this chapter, in accordance with section 1128, 1128A, 1156, 1842, 1862, 1867 or 1892 of the Act.
- (ii) Debarred, suspended, or otherwise excluded from participating in any other Federal procurement or non-procurement activity in accordance with section 2455 of the Federal Acquisition Streamlining Act (FASA).
- (3) Felonies. If within the 10 years preceding enrollment or revalidation of enrollment, the provider, supplier, or any owner of the provider or supplier, was convicted of a Federal or State felony offense that CMS has determined to be detrimental to the best interests of the program and its beneficiaries. CMS considers the severity of the underlying offense.
- (i) Offenses include—(A) Felony crimes against persons, such as murder, rape, or assault, and other similar crimes for which the individual was convicted, including guilty pleas and adjudicated pretrial diversions.
- (B) Financial crimes, such as extortion, embezzlement, income tax evasion, insurance fraud and other similar crimes for which the individual was convicted, including guilty pleas and adjudicated pretrial diversions.
- (C) Any felony that placed the Medicare program or its beneficiaries at immediate risk (such as a malpractice suit that results in a conviction of criminal neglect or misconduct).
- (D) Any felonies outlined in section 1128 of the Act.
- (ii) Denials based on felony convictions are for a period to be determined by the Secretary, but not less than 10 years from the date of conviction if the individual has been convicted on one previous occasion for one or more offenses.
- (4) False or misleading information. The provider or supplier has submitted false or misleading information on the